

We can identify languages

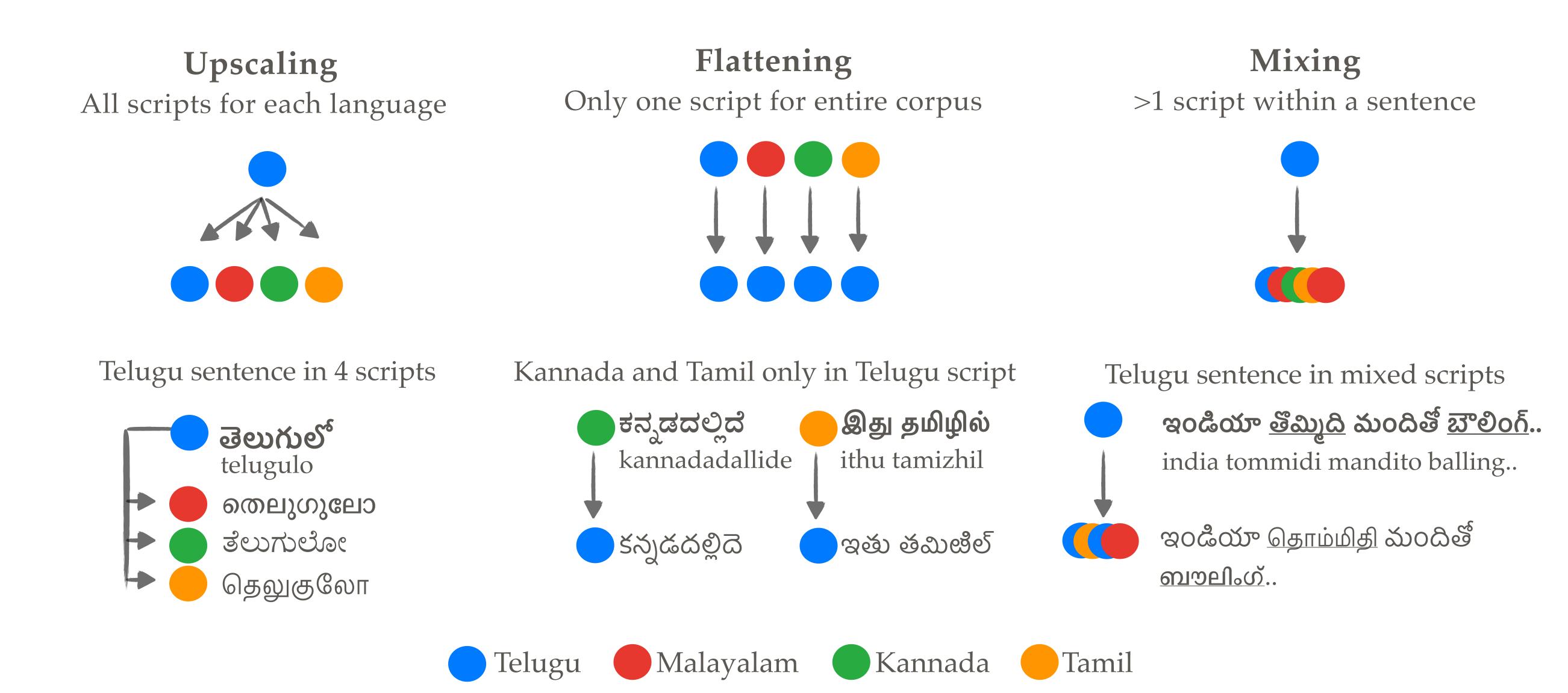
no matter what script they

are written in

Script-Agnostic Language Identification

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Some More Results

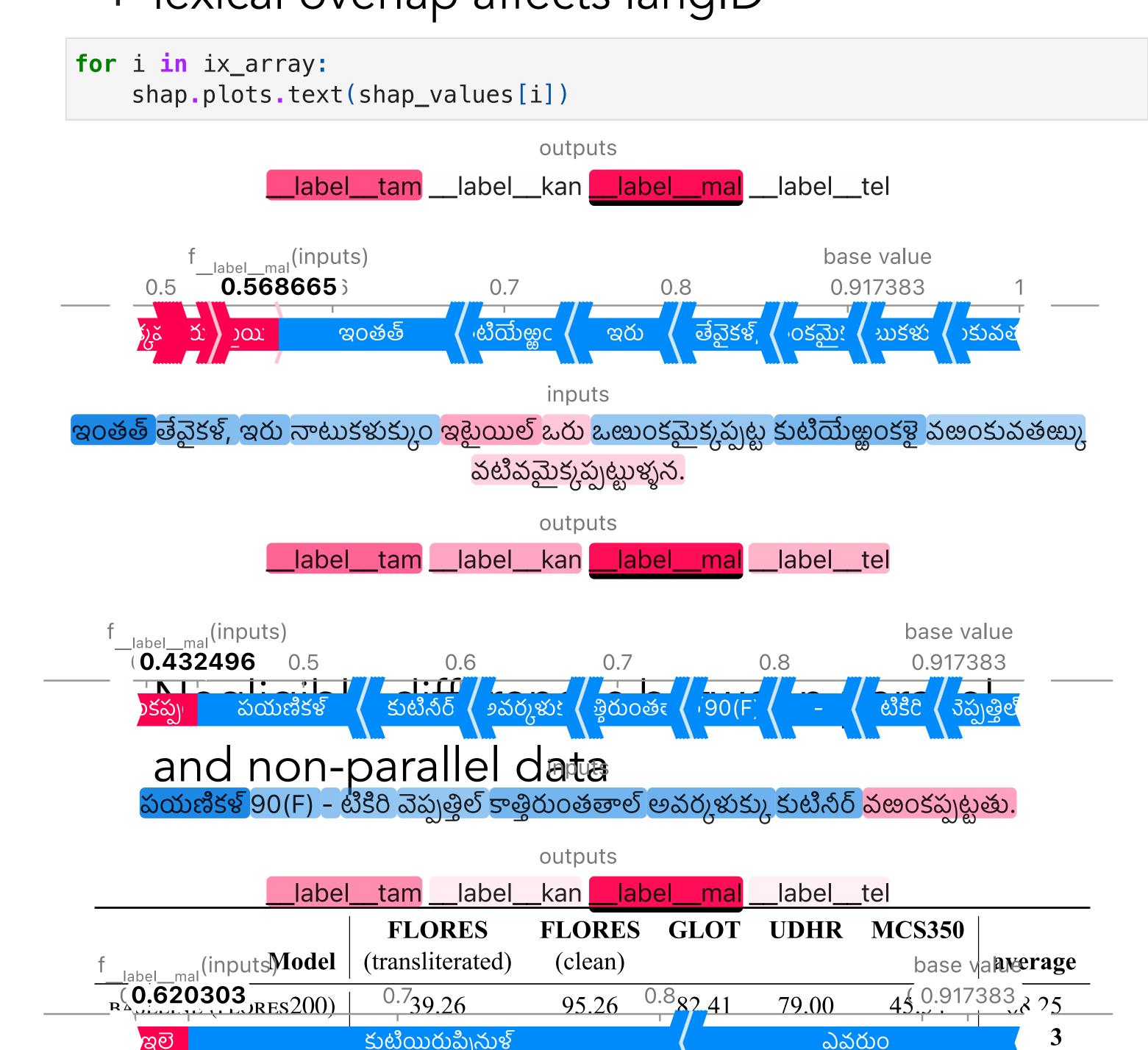
No particular script is best suited for projection, despite differing letter counts

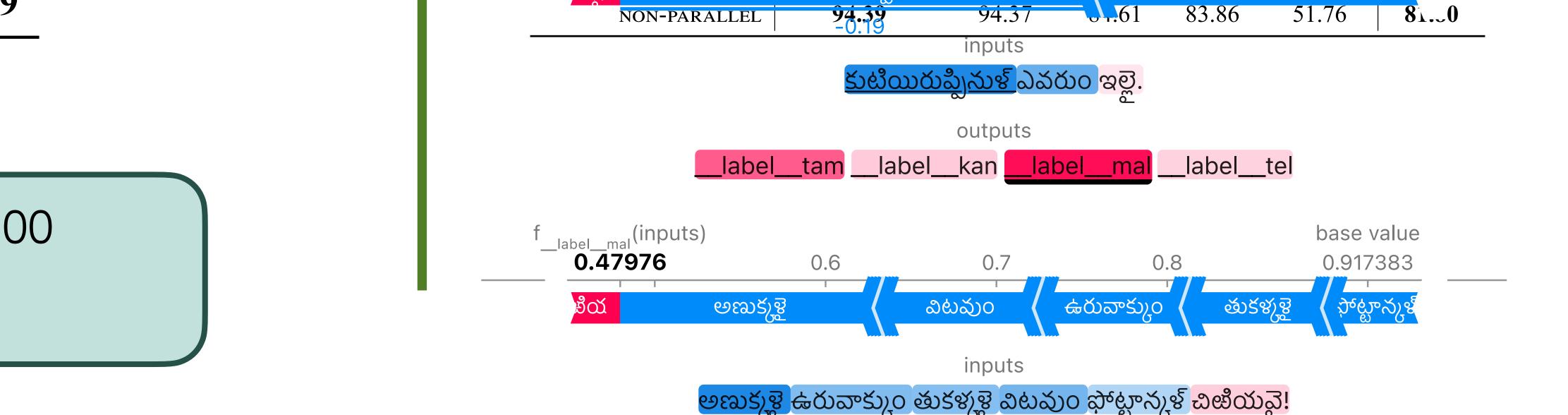
Script:	Tamil		Kannada		Malayalam		Telugu	
	Baseline	Flatten	Baseline	Flatten	Baseline	Flatten	Baseline	Flatten
TAMIL	94.37	80.43	_	80.63	-	80.93	-	80.73
KANNADA	-	91.60	92.59	92.19	-	91.60	-	91.70
MALAYALAM	69.27	99.31	88.93	98.32	100.00	98.42	88.93	98.91
TELUGU	-	93.68	-	93.77	-	93.08	94.07	93.77
AVERAGE	40.91	91.25	45.28	91.23	25.00	91.01	45.75	91.28

Interpretability analysis reveals Mal-Tam Explanation affects langID

Script-Agnosticism can be modeled under different strategies, with intrasentence script-mixing offering the most robustness

	FLORES200	GLOT	UDHR	MCS350	AVERAGE
Test Set Size	4048	3934	285	15000	5817
BASELINE (FLORES200)	95.26	82.41	79.00	45.34	75.50
FASTTEXT (WIKI)	100.00	99.96	100.00	71.75	92.93
upscale (16k)	96.35	81.67	77.54	44.79	75.09
FLATTEN (TELU)	91.28	43.18	44.56	33.95	53.24
NOISE (ALL)	95.41	80.19	76.14	43.41	73.79

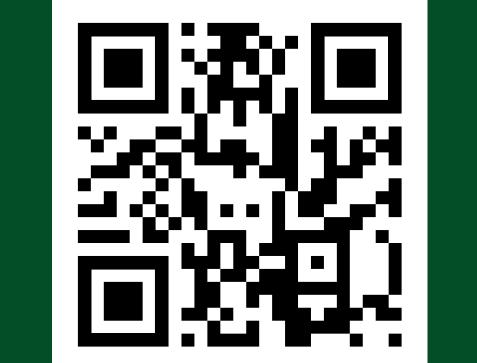




Multi-script training setups lead to similar performance as FLORES200 baseline i.e. no performance loss due to more scripts

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Poster Design Inspiration —> Anjishnu Mukherjee and Chahat Raj



George Mason NLP