Self-Specialization: Uncovering Latent Expertise within Large Language Models

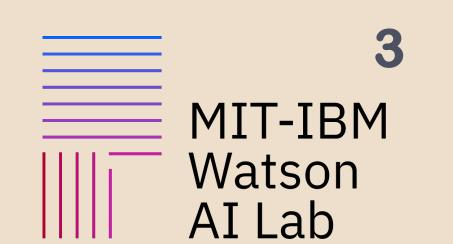
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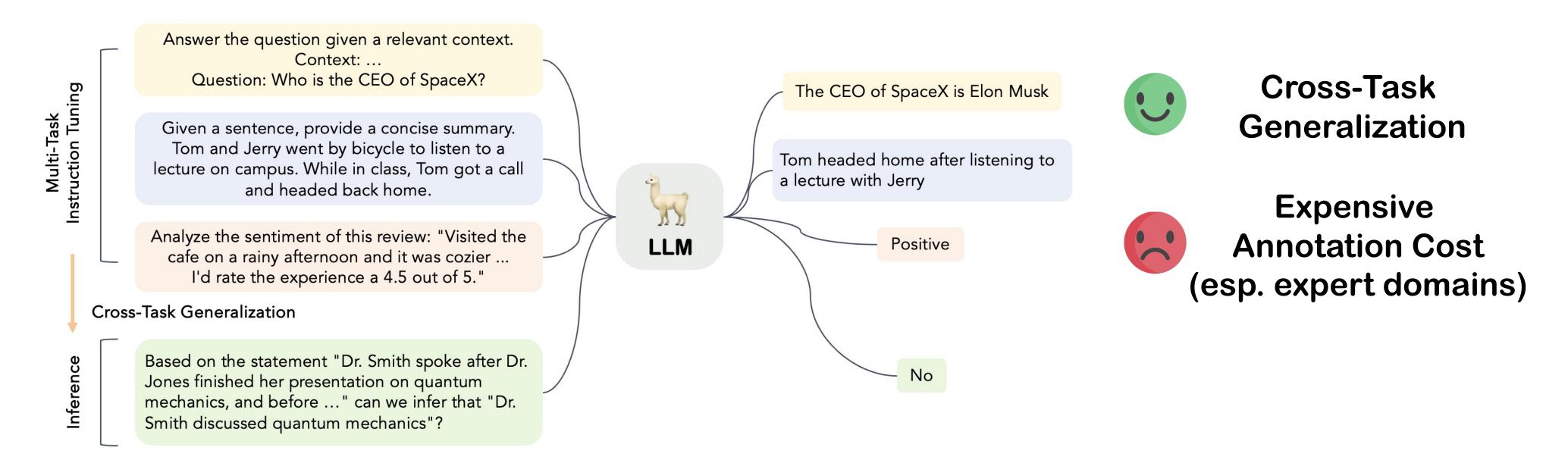
45.10 (+1.23)

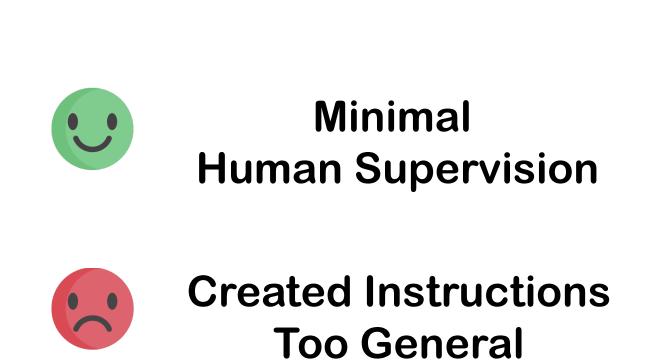




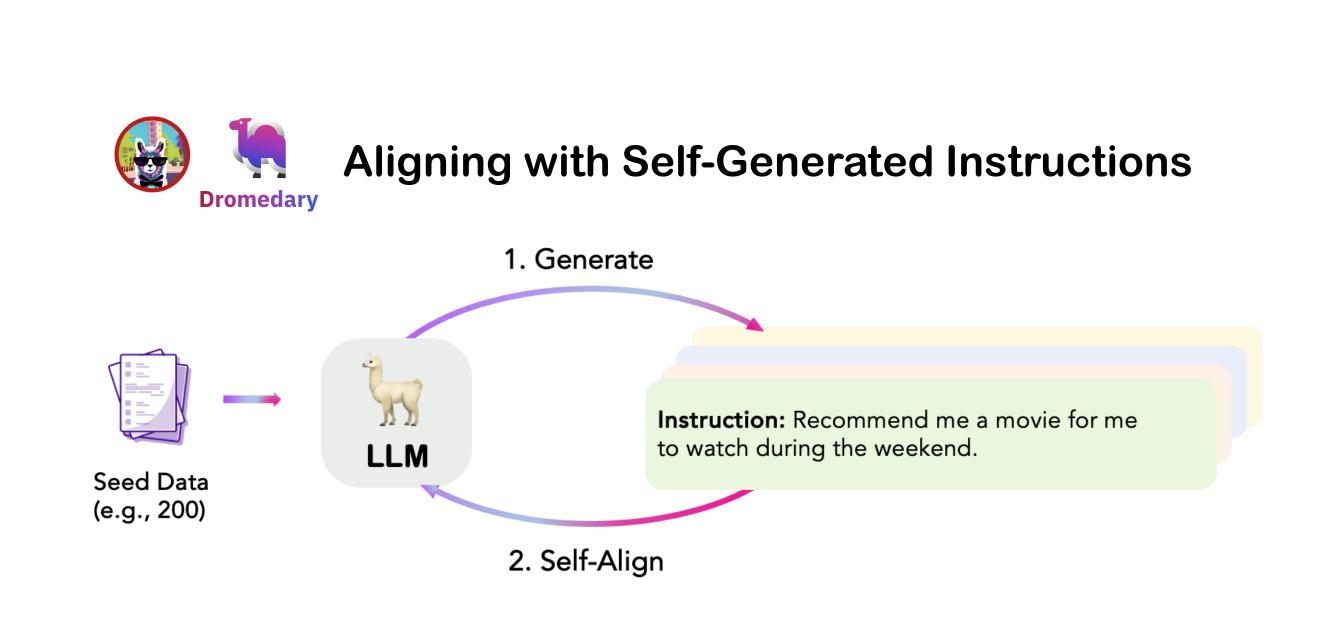
Instruction-Tuning & Self-Alignment

Multi-Task Tuning with Human Annotated Instructions

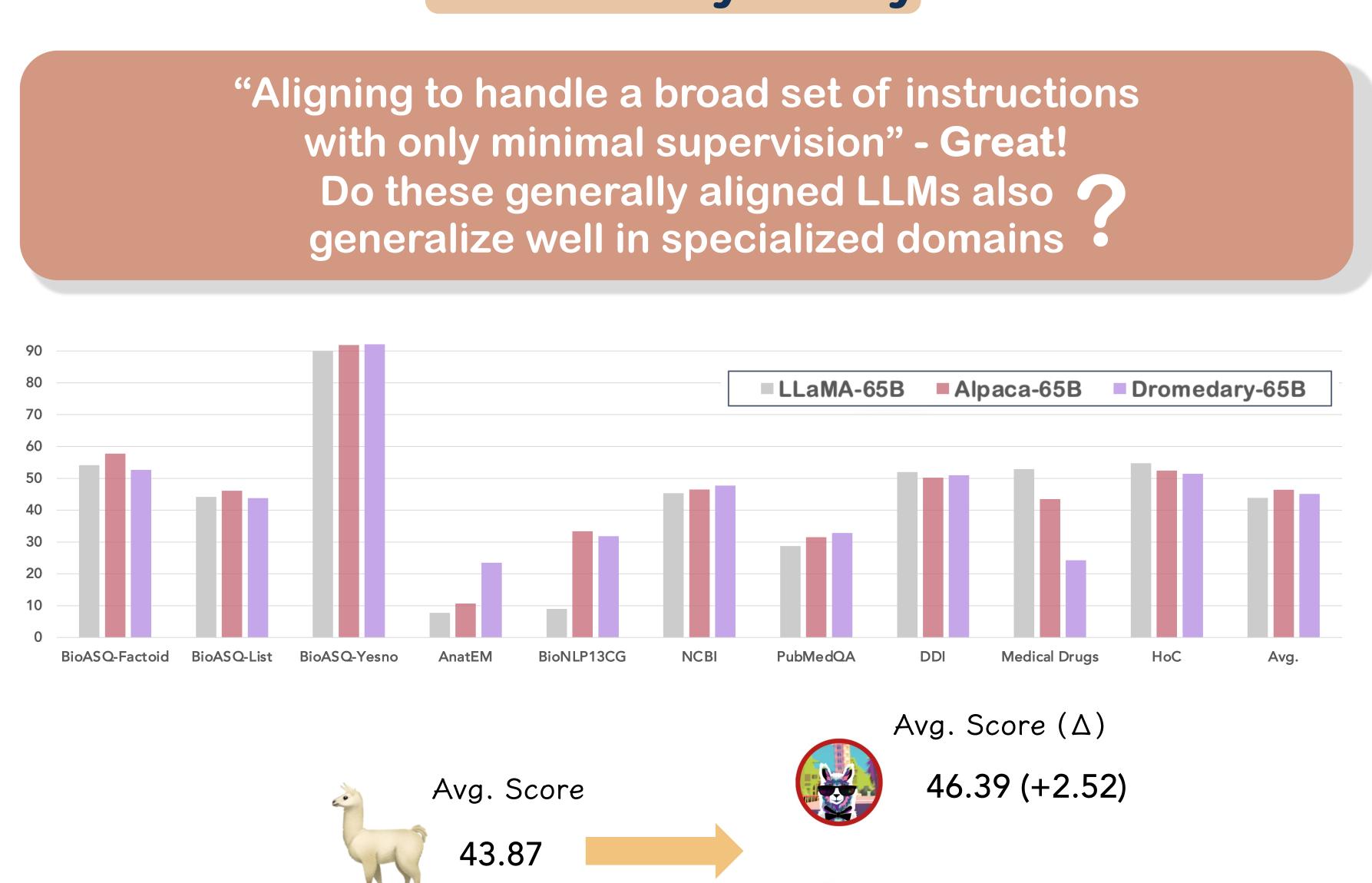




(from Self-Instruct)



Preliminary Study

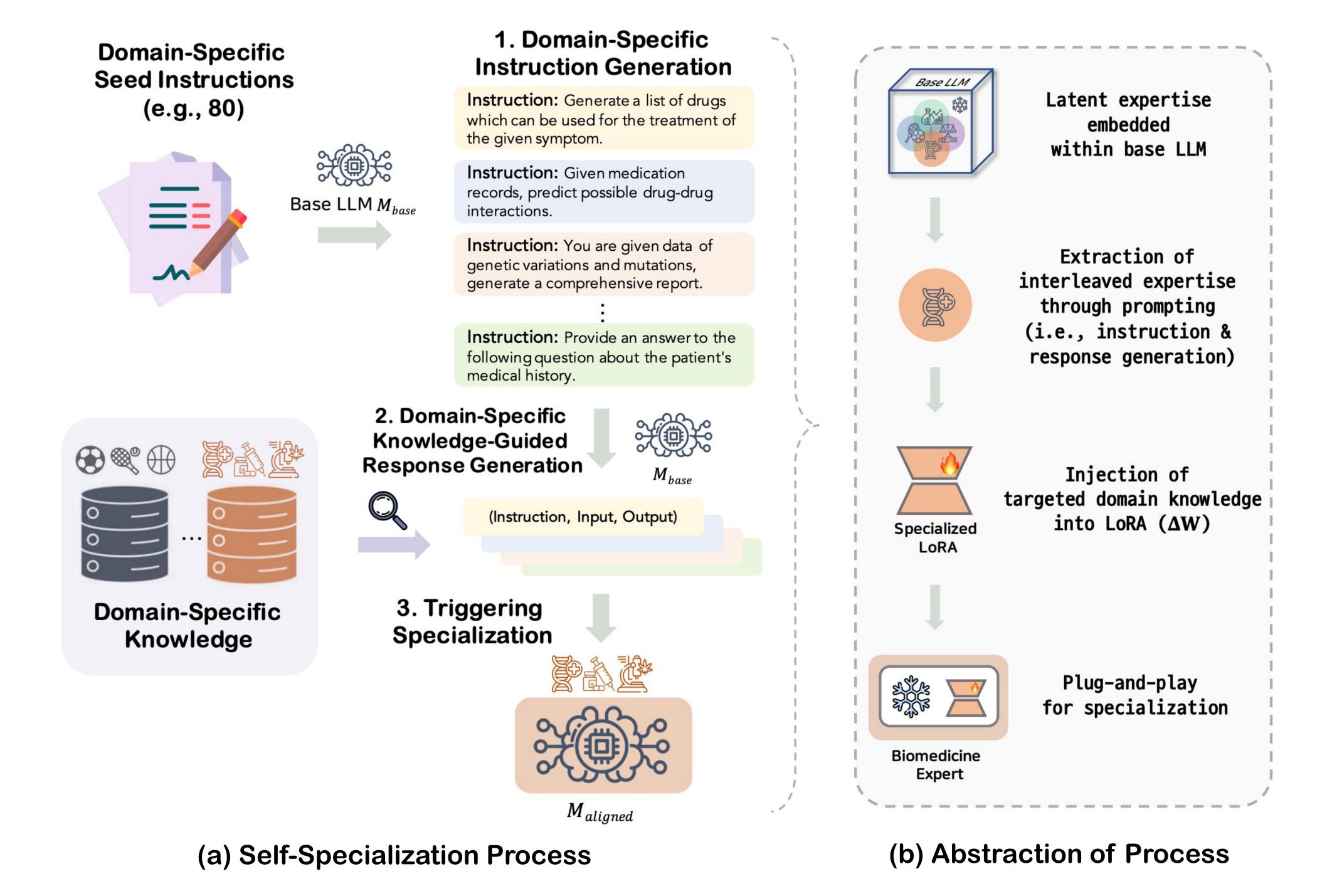


Only a slight advantage over the base model, although they are aligned to handle a broad set of instructions

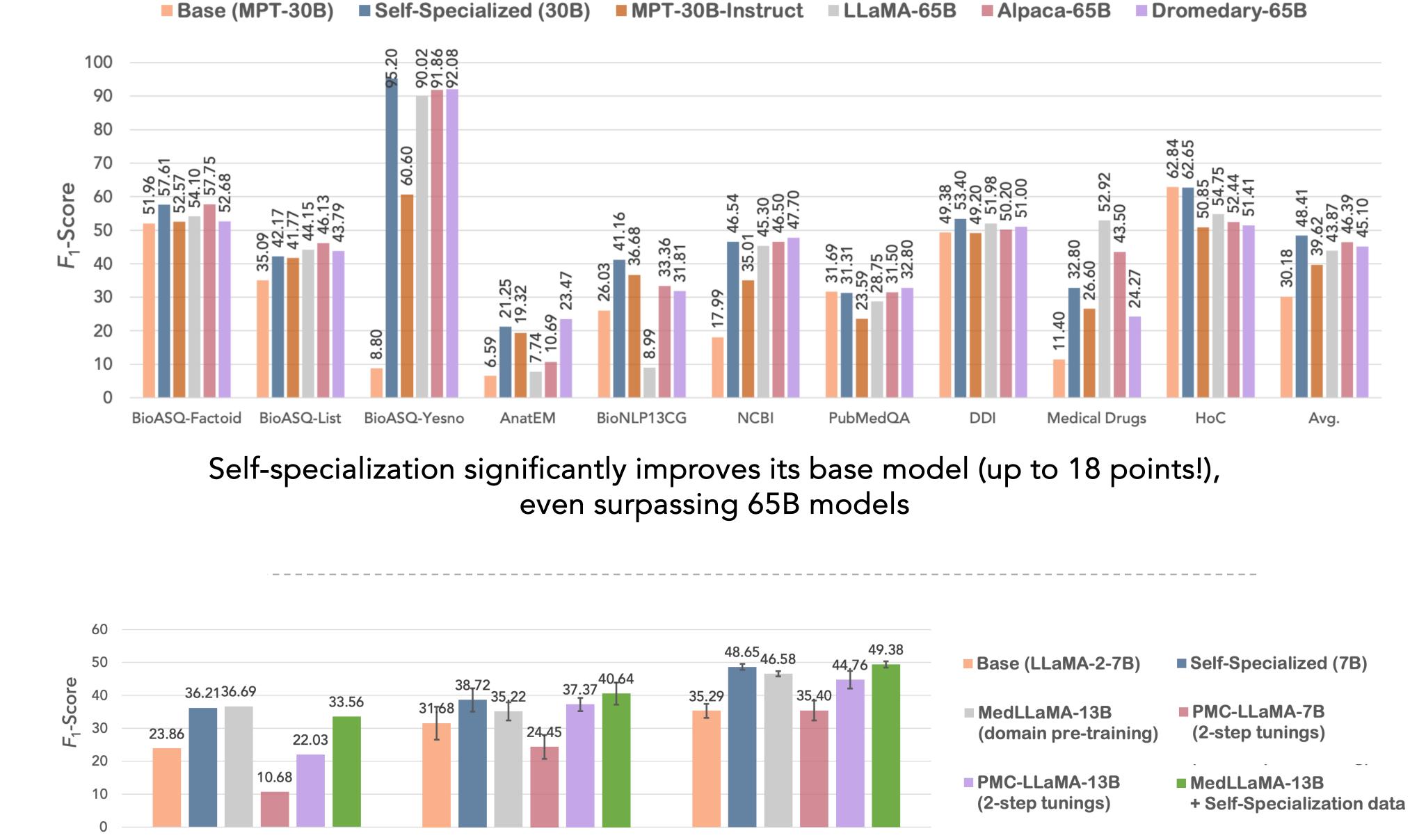
Dromedary

Self-Align

Self-Specialization for Uncovering Domain Expertise

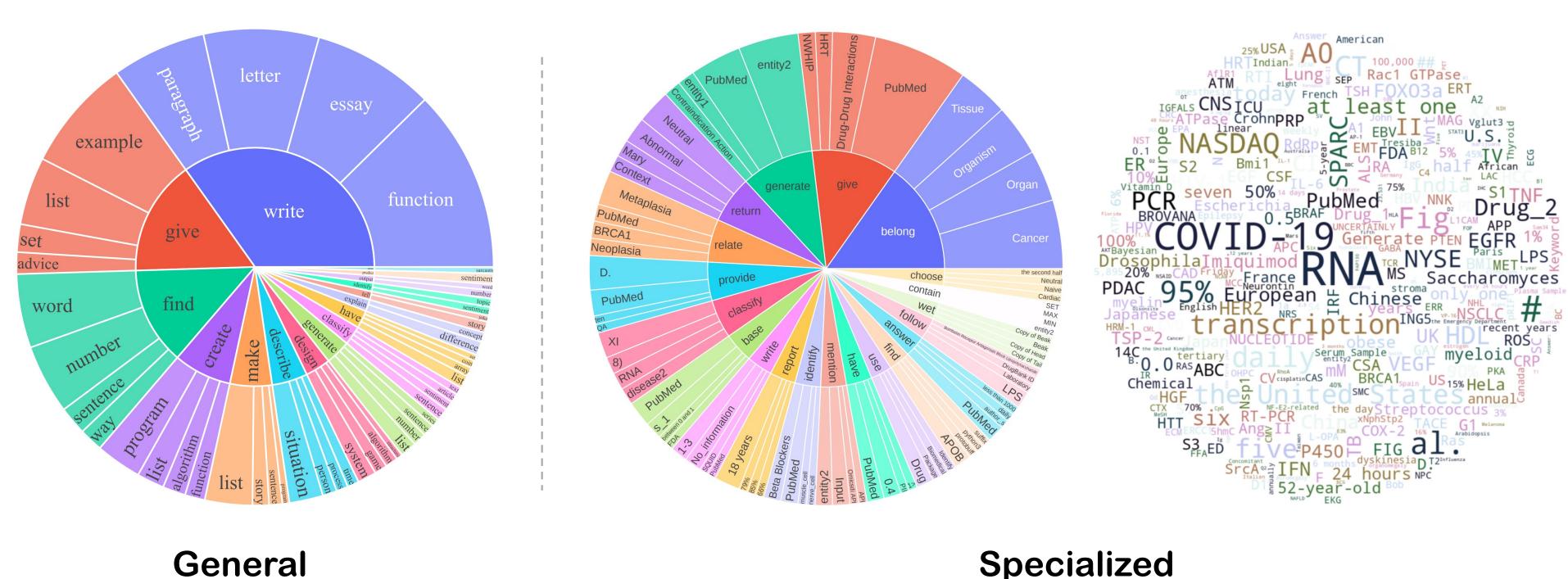


Results in Biomedical Domain



Self-specialization is on par or more effective than extensive domain pre-training + complementary

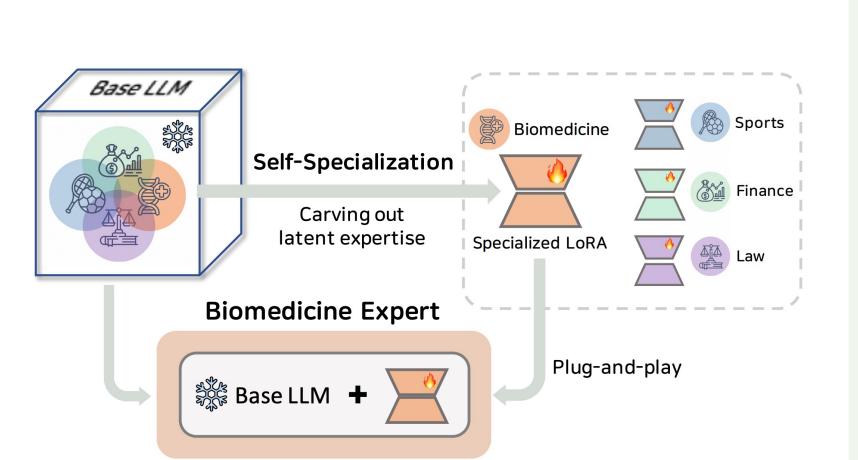
Generated Data through Self-Specialization



Specialized (Target: Biomedicine)

Key Takeaways

Q. Can we self-align LLMs with an expert domain like biomedicine with limited supervision?



- 1. Benchmarking of General-Purpose Aligned Models Highlighting the intrinsic challenge of encoding vast general knowledge into a finite set of parameters
- 2. Exploring a Lightweight Solution, Self-Specialization

 Targeted self-alignment to uncover latent expertise within LLMs with minimal supervision
- 3. Findings
 - Remarkable effectiveness in biomedical and financial domains
- Highly efficient and practical: Tuning with QLoRA on single A100 (using 5K generated data, ~3 hrs)